Ref. No. ALMN-MSDS-1E-04

Revised Date January, 1, 2012 Stipulated Date January, 17, 2006

PRODUCT SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. PRODUCTS AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name : Alkaline Battery LR20, LR14, LR6, LR03, LR1

Alkaline Battery (EVOLTA/EVOIA)LR20, LR14, LR6, LR03

Company Identification

Name : Energy Company

Panasonic Corporation

Energy Device Business Unit Product Engineering Group

Address : 1—1 Matsushita-cho, Moriguchi City, Osaka 570-8511 ,JAPAN

Tel : +81-6-6994-4560 Fax : +81-6-6998-3271

Emergency Tel : +81-6-6994-4560 (Working hours)

+81-6-6991-1141 (Holiday)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Most Important Hazardous

Adverse Human Health Effects : When the leaked liquid adheres to the skin, it may cause the damage

of the skin. When it is gotten in eye, it may cause the damage of eye

such as losing sight.

Physical And Chemical Hazard : There is the risk of explosion if batteries are disposed in fire, heated

above 100 degree C. Stacking or jumbling batteries may cause

external short circuits, heat generation and explosion.

Specific Hazards : Not Applicable. Class Name Of Hazardous Chemicals : Not Applicable.

3. COMPOSITION /IMFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance Name : Alkaline Battery CAS Number : Not Specified

Composition

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COMPONENT	CONCENTRATION (Wt %)	FORMULA	CAS NO.
<positive electrode=""> Manganese dioxide Graphite</positive>	20-45 1.0-4.5	MnO ₂ C	1313-13-9 7782-42-5
<negative electrode=""> Zinc</negative>	10-20	Zn	7440-66-6
<electrolyte> Potassium Hydride Water</electrolyte>	3-10 1-15	KOH H₂O	1310-58-3 —

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4. FIRST AID MEASURES (If leaked solution will contact.)

Skin Contact : Wash the affected area under tepid running water using a mild

soap. If appropriates procedures are not taken, this may cause sores on the skin. Get medical attention if irritation develops or

persists.

Eye Contact : Do not rub eyes. Wash immediately with large amount of clean water

such as tap water 15 minutes or more then receive the ophthalmologist's treatment promptly. It may cause such as losing

sight when the right procedure is not taken.

Ingestion : Arrange for transport to the nearest medical facility for examination

and treatment by a physician as soon as possible.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media : Dry chemical, carbon dioxide, great deal of water.

Specific Fire-Fighting Methods : Be sure on the windward to extinguish the fire, since vapor from

burning batteries may make eyes, nose and throat irritate, Wear

the respiratory protection equipment in some cases.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES (in case of electrolyte leakage from the battery)

Health Considerations

And Protective Equipment

: Wear proper protective equipment.

Environmental Precautions : Prevent spills form entering sewers, watercourses.

Spill Clean-Up Procedures : Collect material to minimize dust generation; use wet mop, damp

sponge. Place collected material into a suitable container for

disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Technical Measures : No exposure limits exist for the battery.

Precaution : When packing the butteries, do not allow battery terminals to

contact each other, or contact with electrically conductive materials. Be sure to pack batteries by providing partitions in packaging boxes, or in separate plastic bags to avoid they are mixed together. Use strong material for packaging boxes to avoid damage by vibration, impact, dropping and stacking during transportation. Do not recharge batteries. Do not deform batteries. Do not mix different types of batteries. Do not solder directly onto batteries.

Storage

Storage Condition : Do not let water penetrate into packaging boxes during their

storage and transportation. Do not store the batteries in the high temperature exceeding 35 degree C, under direct sunlight or near heat source. Also avoid high humidity. Be sure not to expose the batteries to condensation, water drop or not to store them under

frozen condition.

Safe Packaging Materials : Carton boxes, Wooden boxes.

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8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION (in case of electrolyte leakage from the battery)

Engineering Measures : Make available in the work area and storage place emergency

shower and eyes wash.

Occupational Exposure Limits (OELs) : Not specified in ACGIH and OSHA

Protective Equipments

Respiratory Protection : For most condition no respiratory protection.

Hand Protection : Safety gloves.

Eye Protection : Safety glasses with side shields must be worn when handling this

product.

Skin and Body Protection : To prevent any contact, wear impervious clothing such as boots or

whole body suits as appropriate.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical Style

Appearance : Cylindrical shape.
Color : Depend on the design.

Odor : Odorless~Characteristic odor

pH : Not Applicable. Specific temperatures / Temperature range : Not Applicable.

at which changes in physical state occur

Flash Point : Not Applicable. Explosion Properties : No Date. Specific Gravity (g/cm3) : No Data. Solubility : Not Applicable. Voltage : 1.5 Volts.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY (Physical Hazard)

Stability : Stable under normal conditions.

When batteries are short—circuited : There is the possibility that stacking or jumbling batteries cause

short circuits, heat generation, leakage or explosion.

When batteries are recharge : Risk of swelling leakage or explosion, contents may protrude.

When batteries are heated : Risk of leakage or explosion.

or disposed in fire

When batteries are disassembled : Risk of short circuits. Electrolyte may cause skin itching.

Reactivity: Stable under normal conditions.

Hazardous Decomposition Products : No information.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity : No information as a battery. Local Effects : No information as a battery.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

In case of the worn out battery was disposed in land, the battery case may be corroded, and leak electrolyte. But, we have no ecological information. Heavy metal quantity in a cell

Hg< 1 ppm</th>: Reducing Vaporization Atomic Absorption SpectrometerCd< 10 ppm</td>: Inductively Coupled Plasma Atomic Emission SpectroscopyPb< 10 ppm</td>: Inductively Coupled Plasma Atomic Emission Spectroscopy

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13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

When the battery is worm out, dispose of it under the ordinance of each local government or the low issued by relating government.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

As alkaline battery is listed in Special Provision A123 of IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations when it is shipped by air, alkaline battery is not a regulation substance in the hazardous substance shipping regulations. In addition, this battery requires the following attentions.

- ①Protect the terminals of batteries and prevent them from short circuit so as not to cause dangerous heat generation.
- ②During the transportation of a large amount of batteries by ship, trailer or railway, do not leave them in the places of high temperatures and do not allow them to be exposed to dew condensation.
- ③Avoid transportation with the possibility of the collapse of cargo piles and the packing damage.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

No information. (Follow all regulations in your country.)

This PSDS is described on the basis of present materials, information and data. So, please notice that it will be revised by new information. Also this is supplied to entrepreneurs as reference information in order to handle batteries safety. Please notice that entrepreneurs have to deal with batteries, as they think fit.